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Hei-Cast 8400

1.Description

Hei-Cast 8400 and 8400N are 3 component type polyurethane elastomers used for vacuum molding applications which have the following characteristics:

- (1) Through the use of "C component" in the formulation, any hardness in the range of Shore A-20~90 can be obtained/selected.
- (2) Hei-Cast 8400 and 8400N are low in viscosity and show excellent flow property.
- (3) Hei-Cast 8400 and 8400N cure very well and exhibit excellent rebound elasticity.

2. Basic Properties

Item		Va	alue	Remarks
Product		8400	8400N	
Appearance	A Comp.	Black	Clear,colorless	Polyol(Freezes below 15°C)
	B Comp.	Clear, pale	yellow	Isocyanate
	C Comp.	Clear, pale	yellow	Polyol
Color of article		Black	Milky white	Standard color is black
Viscosity	A Comp.	600		Viscometer Type BM
(mPa.s 25°C)	B Comp.	40		
Specific gravity	A Comp.	1.1	1	Standard Hydrometer
(25°C)	B Comp.	1,17		
	C Comp.	0.9	8	

Remarks: A component freezes at temperatures below 15°C. Melt by heating and use after shaking it well.

3.Basic physical properties < A90 · A80 · A70 · A60 >

Mixing ratio	A:B:C	100:100:0	100:100:50	100:100:100	100:100:150
Pot life resin: 100g	25°C	5~6 min.	←	←	\leftarrow
Tosin: Toog	35°C	3 min	←	←	←
Hardness	Shore A	90	80	70	60
Tensile strength	MPa	18	14	8.0	7.0
Elongation	%	200	240	260	280
Tear strength	N/mm	70	60	40	30
Rebound Elasticity	%	50	52	56	56
Shrinkage	%	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4
Density of final product	g/cm ³	1.13	1.10	1.08	1.07

Remarks): Mechanical properties: JIS K-7213. Shrinkage: Inhouse specification.

Physical properties listed above are typical values measured in our laboratory and not the values for specification. When using our product, it must be noted that physical properties of final product may differ depending on the contour of article and the molding condition.

4.Basic physical properties ≪A50·A40·A30·A20≫

Mixing ratio	A:B:C	100:100:200	100:100:300	100:100:400	100:100:500
Pot life resin:100g	25°C	5~6 min.	←	←	+
resin. roog	35°C	3 min	←	←	←
Hardness	Shore A	50	40	30	20
Tensile strength	MPa	5.0	2.5	2.0	1.5
Elongation	%	300	310	370	490
Tear strength	N/mm	20	13	10	7.0
Rebound Elasticity	%	60	63	58	55
Shrinkage	%	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Density of final product					

Remarks): Mechanical properties: JIS K-7213. Shrinkage: Inhouse specification.

Curing condition: Mold temperature: 60° C \times 60 min.+ 60° C \times 24hrs. + 25 $^{\circ}$ C \times 24 hrs.

Physical properties listed above are typical values measured in our laboratory and not the values for specification. When using our product, it must be noted that physical properties of final product may differ depending on the contour of article and the molding condition.

5. Resistance against heat, hot water and oil ≪A90·A50·A30≫

(1) Heat resistance [kept in 80°C thermostatic oven with circulating warm air]

	Item	Unit	Blank	100 hrs	200 hrs	500 hrs
400	Hardness	Shore A	88	86	87	86
A90	Tensile strength	MPa	18	21	14	12
	Elongation	%	220	240	200	110
-0	Tear resistance	N/mm	75	82	68	52
	Surface condition			No change	←	←

	Item	Unit	Blank	100 hrs	200 hrs	500 hrs
4.00	Hardness	Shore A	58	58	56	57
A60	Tensile strength	MPa	7.6	6.1	6.1	4.7
	Elongation	%	230	270	290	310
	Tear resistance	N/mm	29	24	20	13
	Surface condition			No change	←	←

	Item	Unit	Blank	100 hrs	200 hrs	500 hrs
400	Hardness	Shore A	27	30	22	22
A30	Tensile strength	MPa	1.9	1.5	1.4	1.3
	Elongation	%	360	350	380	420
	Tear resistance	N/mm	9.2	10	6.7	6.0
	Surface condition			No change	←	←

Remarks):Curing condition: Mold temperature: 60° C \times 60 min.+ 60° C \times 24hrs. + 25° C \times 24 hrs.

Physical properties are measured after leaving exposed samples at 25°C for 24 hrs. Hardness, tensile strength and tear Strength are tested according to JIS K-6253, JIS K-7312 and JIS K-7312 respectively.

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(2) Heat resistance [kept in 120°C thermostatic oven with circulating warm air]

	Item	Unit	Blank	100 hrs	200 hrs	500 hrs
400	Hardness	Shore A	88	82	83	83
A90	Tensile strength	MPa	18	15	15	7.0
	Elongation	%	220	210	320	120
,	Tear resistance	N/mm	75	52	39	26
	Surface condition			No change	←	←

	Item	Unit	Blank	100 hrs	200 hrs	500 hrs
400	Hardness	Shore A	58	55	40	38
A60	Tensile strength	MPa	7.6	7.7	2.8	1.8
	Elongation	%	230	240	380	190
	Tear resistance	N/mm	29	15	5.2	Not measurable
	Surface condition			No change	←	Melt and tack

	Item	Unit	Blank	100 hrs	200 hrs	500 hrs
400	Hardness	Shore A	27	9	6	6
A30	Tensile strength	MPa	1.9	0.6	0.4	0.2
	Elongation	%	360	220	380	330
	Tear resistance	N/mm	9.2	2.7	0.8	Not measurable
	Surface condition			Tack	Melt and tack	←

(3) Hot water resistance [immersed in 80°C tap water]

	Item	Unit	Blank	100 hrs	200 hrs	500 hrs
1	Hardness	Shore A	88	85	83	84
A90	Tensile strength	MPa	18	18	16	17
	Elongation	%	220	210	170	220
	Tear resistance	N/mm	75	69	62	66
	Surface condition			No change	←	←

	Item	Unit	Blank	100 hrs	200 hrs	500 hrs
4.00	Hardness	Shore A	58	55	52	46
A60	Tensile strength	MPa	7.6	7.8	6.8	6.8
	Elongation	%	230	250	260	490
	Tear resistance	N/mm	29	32	29	27
	Surface condition			No change	←	←

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	Item	Unit	Blank	100 hrs	200 hrs	500 hrs
400	Hardness	Shore A	27	24	22	15
A30	Tensile strength	MPa	1.9	0.9	0.9	0.8
	Elongation	%	360	320	360	530
2	Tear resistance	N/mm	9.2	5.4	4.9	4.2
	Surface condition		•	Tack	←	←

(4) Oil resistance [Immersed in 80°C engine oil]

	Item	Unit	Blank	100 hrs	200 hrs	500 hrs
A90	Hardness	Shore A	88	88	89	86
	Tensile strength	MPa	18	25	26	28
	Elongation	%	220	240	330	390
	Tear resistance	N/mm	75	99	105	100
	Surface condition			No change	←	4

A60	Item	Unit	Blank	100 hrs	200 hrs	500 hrs
	Hardness	Shore A	58	58	57	54
	Tensile strength	MPa	7.6	7.9	6.6	8.0
	Elongation	%	230	300	360	420
	Tear resistance	N/mm	29	30	32	40
	Surface condition			No change	←	←

	Item	Unit	Blank	100 hrs	200 hrs	500 hrs
4.00	Hardness	Shore A	27	28	18	18
A30	Tensile strength	MPa	1.9	1.4	1.6	0.3
	Elongation	%	360	350	490	650
	Tear resistance	N/mm	9.2	12	9.5	2.4
	Surface condition			Swelling	←	←

(5) Oil resistance [Immersed in gasoline]

	Item	Unit	Blank	100 hrs	200 hrs	500 hrs
400	Hardness	Shore A	88	86	85	84
A90	Tensile strength	MPa	18	14	15	13
	Elongation	%	220	190	200	260
	Tear resistance	N/mm	75	60	55	41
	Surface condition			Swelling	←	

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	Item	Unit	Blank	100 hrs	200 hrs	500 hrs
A CO	Hardness	Shore A	58	58	55	53
A60	Tensile strength	MPa	7.6	5.7	5.1	6.0
·	Elongation	%	230	270	290	390
	Tear resistance	N/mm	29	28	24	24
	Surface condition		_/	Swelling	←	←

	Item	Unit	Blank	100 hrs	200 hrs	500 hrs
1 20	Hardness	Shore A	27	30	28	21
A30	Tensile strength	MPa	1.9	1.4	1.4	0.2
	Elongation	%	360	350	380	460
	Tear resistance	N/mm	9.2	6.8	7.3	2.8
	Surface condition			Swelling	←	←

6. Vacuum Molding Process

(1) Weighing

Decide the amount of "C component" according to the hardness you desire and add it to A component.

Weigh the same amount by weight of B component as A component in a separate cup taking into account the amount which may remain in the cup.

(2) Pre-degassing

Perform pre-degassing in degassing chamber for about 10~20 minutes.

Degass as much as you need.

We recommend to degass after heating material to a liquid temperature of 40~50°C.

(3) Temperature of resin

Keep temperature of $25 \sim 35^{\circ}$ C for both A (containing C component) and B component. When the temperature of material is high, the pot life of mixture will become short and when the temperature of material is low, the pot life of mixture will become long.

(4) Mold temperature

Keep temperature of silicone mold pre-heated to $60 \sim 70^{\circ}$ C.

Too low mold temperatures may cause improper curing to result in lower physical properties. Mold temperatures should be controlled precisely as they will affect the dimensional accuracy of the article.

(5).Casting

Containers are set in such a way that <u>B component is added to A component (containing</u> C component).

Apply vacuum to the chamber and de-gass A component for 5 ~ 10 minutes while it is stirred from time to time.

Add B component to A component (containing C component) and stir for 30 ~ 40 seconds and then cast the mixture speedily into the silicone mold.

Release vacuum in 1 and half a minute after commencement of the mixing.

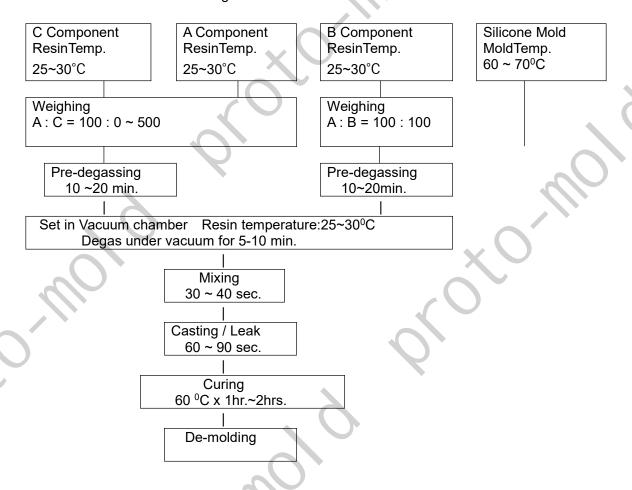
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(3) Curing condition

Place filled mold in thermostatic oven of $60 \sim 70^{\circ}$ C for 60 minutes for Shore A hardness 90 and for 120 minutes for Shore A hardness 20 and demold.

Perform post curing at 60° C for 2 ~ 3 hours depending on the requirements.

7. Flow chart of vacuum casting



- 8. Precautions in handling
- (1) As all A, B and C component are sensitive to water, never allow water get into the material. Also refrain from material coming long contact with moisture. Close container tight after each use.
- (2) Penetration of water into A or C component may lead to generation of much air bubbles in the cured product and if this should happen, we recommend to heat A or C component to 80°C and degass under vacuum for about 10 minutes.
- (3) A component will freeze at temperatures below 15°C. Heat to 40~50°C and use after shaking it well.
- (4) B component will react with moisture to become turbid or to cure into solid material. Do not use the material when it has lost the transparency or it has shown any hardening as these materials will lead to much lower physical properties.

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- (5) Prolonged heating of B component at temperatures over 50 °C will affect quality of B component and the cans can be inflated by the increased inner pressure. Store at room temperature.
- 7. Precautions in Safety and Hygiene
- (1) B component contains more than 1% of 4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate. Install local exhaust within the work shop to secure good ventilation of the air.
- (2) Take care that hands or skin are not coming in direct contact with raw materials. In case of contact, wash with soap and water immediately. It may irritate hands or skin if they are left in contact with raw materials for longer period of time.
- (3) If raw materials get into eyes, rinse with flowing water for 15 minutes and call a doctor.
- (4) Install duct for vacuum pump to ensure that air is exhausted to the outside of the work shop.
- 8. Dangerous Materials Classification according to the Fire Services Act
 - A Component: Dangerous Class III, No.3 Petroleum Group, Dangerous Materials No.4 Group.
 - B Component: Dangerous Class III, No.4 Petroleum Group , Dangerous Materials No.4 Group.
 - C Component: Dangerous Class III, No.4 Petroleum Group, Dangerous Materials No.4 Group.
- 9. Delivery Form

A Component: 1 kg Royal can. B Component: 1 kg Royal can. C Component: 1 kg Royal can. In using our products based on the technical information contained herein, you are requested to thoroughly test our products as to their suitability for your intended application and determine their validity with your own responsibility. As the applications and processing conditions of our products to be applied by users are beyond our control, we can not bear any responsibility for this technical information in terms of accuracy, the results obtained from their use and the possible infringement of patent rights of any third parties.

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